

# Amendments to the Claims

# 1-6. (Canceled)

7. (Currently Amended) A method for producing a pulp sheet comprising the steps of taking a composition compound for improving paper making quality wherein said composition comprises a compound and a pulp blend, wherein

said compound has a lyotropic degree as defined below of not less than 4%, and

said compound provides the following paper quality improving properties (i) to (iii):

- (i) a standard improved bulky value of at least  $0.02 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ,
- (ii) a standard improved brightness of at least 0.7 point, and
- (iii) a standard improved opacity of at least 0.7 point; and wherein the

lyotropic degree (%) = ( $\alpha_0 - \alpha$ ) /  $\alpha_0 \times 100$  wherein

 $\alpha$  is the water content in a wet sheet obtained by adding 5 parts by weight of the compound to 100 parts by weight of the pulp blend and subjecting the pulp blend to papermaking; and

 $\alpha_0$  is the water content in a wet sheet obtained by subjecting the pulp  $\frac{blend}{d}$  to papermaking without adding the compound to the pulp;  $\frac{blend}{d}$  and

adding the compound <u>and an agent that promotes fixation of</u>
the compound onto the paper sheet to the <u>a</u> material pulp before
or during the <u>a</u> papermaking step, and

producing a pulp sheet.

### 8-9. (Canceled)

- 10. (Currently Amended) A method for producing a pulp sheet, modified to satisfy the following properties (1) to (3),
  - (1) improved bulky value of at least  $0.02 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ,
  - (2) improved brightness of at least 0.7 point, and
  - (3) improved opacity of at least 0.7 point said method comprising:

adding internally a compound having a lyotropic degree of not less than 4% and an agent that promotes fixation of the compound onto the paper sheet before or in a papermaking step into a material pulp slurry, and

subjecting the pulp to a papermaking:

wherein said lyotropic degree is defined by

lyotropic degree (%) = (  $\alpha_0$  -  $\alpha$  )/  $\alpha$  x 100 wherein

 $\alpha$ : the water content in a wet sheet obtained by adding 5 parts by weight of the compound, which is the <u>a</u> paper quality improver for the papermaking, to 100 parts by weight of pulp, and

 $\alpha_0$ : the water content in a wet sheet obtained by subjecting pulp to the papermaking without adding the compound, which is the paper quality improver for the papermaking, to the pulp.

# 11. (Canceled)

- 12. (Currently Amended) A modified pulp sheet which satisfies the following properties (1) to (3),
  - (1) improved bulky value of at least 0.02 g/cm<sup>3</sup>,

- (2) improved brightness of at least 0.7 point, and
- (3) improved opacity of at least 0.7 point,

wherein said pulp sheet is obtained by internally adding the compound having the lyotropic degree of not less than 4% and an agent that promotes fixation of the compound onto the paper sheet into a material pulp slurry before or in the a papermaking step, and wherein said lyotropic degree is defined by

lyotropic degree (%) = (  $\alpha_0$  -  $\alpha$  )/  $\alpha$  x 100 wherein

 $\alpha$ : the water content in a wet sheet obtained by adding 5 parts by weight of the compound, which is the <u>a</u> paper quality improver for the papermaking, to 100 parts by weight of pulp, and

 $\alpha_0$ : the water content in a wet sheet obtained by subjecting pulp to the papermaking without adding the compound, which is the paper quality improver for the papermaking, to the pulp.

# 13-14. (Canceled)

15. (Currently Amended) A method for producing a pulp sheet comprising the steps of:

taking a composition compound for improving paper making quality wherein said composition comprises a compound and a pulp blend,

wherein

said pulp blend contains a deinked pulp in an amount of 10% or more by weight in a material pulp and

said compound has a lyotropic degree as defined below of not less than 4%, and

said compound provides the following paper quality improving properties (i) to (iii):

- (i) a standard improved bulky value of at least  $0.02 \text{ g/cm}^3$ ,
- (ii) a standard improved brightness of at least 0.7 point, and
- (iii) a standard improved opacity of at least 0.7 point;
  and wherein the

lyotropic degree (%) = (  $\alpha_0$  -  $\alpha$  ) /  $\alpha_0$  x 100 wherein

 $\alpha$  is the water content in a wet sheet obtained by adding 5 parts by weight of the compound to 100 parts by weight of the pulp blend and subjecting the pulp blend to papermaking; and

 $\alpha_0$  is the water content in a wet sheet obtained by subjecting the pulp  $\frac{blend}{d}$  to papermaking without adding the compound to the pulp  $\frac{blend}{d}$ ; and

adding the compound and an agent that promotes fixation of the compound onto the paper sheet to the a material pulp before or during the a papermaking step, wherein said material pulp contains a deinked pulp in an amount of 10% or more by weight in the material pulp, and

producing a pulp sheet.

### **16-17.** (Canceled)

18. (New) The method for producing a pulp sheet according to claim 7, wherein the agent that promotes fixation of the compound onto the paper sheet is selected from the group

consisting of aluminum sulfate, a cationic starch, a compound having an acrylamide moiety and polyethylene imine.

- 19. (New) The method for producing a pulp sheet according to claim 7, wherein the pulp sheet is used for a newspaper roll, a paper for printing and data, wrapping paper, or a paperboard.
- 20. (New) The method for producing a pulp sheet according to claim 7, wherein the pulp is partially deinked.
- 21. (New) The method for producing a pulp sheet according to claim 7, wherein said compound provides the following paper quality improving properties (i) to (iii):
  - (i) a standard improved bulky value of at least 0.02 g/cm<sup>3</sup>,
- (ii) a standard improved brightness of at least 0.9 point, and
  - (iii) a standard improved opacity of at least 0.9 point.